

Learning Goal Check!



Sketch the following rational functions. State all asymptotes and show all work to determine end behaviour around asymptotes.

$$f(x) = \frac{4x + 1}{2x + 2}$$

$$g(x) = \frac{3x + 2}{x - 1}$$

Questions from Homework?

$$9 \quad I(t) = \frac{15t+25}{t}$$

d) If $t=0$, there is NO investment
 \therefore makes sense!

$$e) \quad t=0.01 \quad I(0.01) = \frac{15(0.01)+25}{0.01} \\ = 2515$$

$$t=0.0001 \quad I(0.0001) = \frac{15(0.0001)+25}{0.0001} \\ = 250015$$

\therefore NO large gain with very small amount
 as $t \rightarrow 0$, $I \rightarrow \infty$

$$10) \quad c(t) = \frac{2t}{2+t}$$

$$c(0) = \frac{2(0)}{2+0} \\ = 0$$

$$c(12) = \frac{2(12)}{2+12} \\ \doteq 1.71$$

$$c(24) = \frac{2(24)}{2+24} \\ \doteq 1.85$$

\therefore Increasing

$t \rightarrow \infty$, $c \rightarrow \infty$

Lesson 5.04 - Solving Rational Equations



Learning Goals:

- I can state the restrictions on rational equations
- I can solve rational equations, including in "real world" situations

$$\frac{x}{2} - \frac{x}{3} = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5}$$

L.C.M of 2 and 3 = 6

L.C.M of 4 and

$$\frac{3x - 2x}{6} = \frac{5 + 4}{20}$$

Solve each of the following. Don't forget to state any restrictions.

$$\textcircled{63} \frac{x+2}{x+3} = \frac{2}{1} \quad \text{Restriction } x \neq -3$$

$$x+2 = 2(x+3)$$

$$x+2 = 2x+6$$

$$-x = 4$$

$$x = -4$$

$$\frac{x+3}{x^2-4x-21} = 1$$

$$\frac{x+3}{(x-7)(x+3)} = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{(x-7)} = 1$$

$$1 = x-7$$

$$8 = x$$

Restrictions
 $x \neq 7$ or -3

Solve each of the following, don't forget to state any restrictions.

$$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{x}{3} = \frac{5}{x}$$

$$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{x}{3} - \frac{5}{x} = 0$$

$$-\frac{4}{x} + \frac{x}{3} = 0$$

$$-\frac{12}{3x} + \frac{x^2}{3x} = 0$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 12}{3x} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 12 = 0$$

$$(x - \sqrt{12})(x + \sqrt{12}) = 0$$

$$x = 2\sqrt{3}$$

or

$$x = -2\sqrt{3}$$

$$x \neq 0$$

Restriction
 $x \neq 0$

$$\frac{2}{x+2} + \frac{1}{x+3} = \frac{1}{x+2}$$

$$\frac{2}{x+2} - \frac{1}{x+2} + \frac{1}{x+3} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{x+2} + \frac{1}{x+3} = 0$$

$$\frac{x+3}{(x+2)(x+3)} + \frac{x+2}{(x+2)(x+3)} = 0$$

$$\frac{2x+5}{(x+2)(x+3)} = 0$$

$$2x+5 = 0$$

$$2x = -5$$

$$x = -\frac{5}{2}$$

$$x \neq -3, x \neq -2$$

Restriction

$$x \neq -2$$

$$x \neq -3$$

Word Problems....

Ned and Ted are both carpenters. Ted can build a table in x hours, while it takes Ned 10 hours more ($x+10$). If it takes them 12 hours working together, how long would it take each of them individually to complete the table? (HINT: You need a rational equation...)

$$\begin{aligned} & \cancel{x + (x+10) = 12} \\ & \cancel{2x+10 = 12} \\ & \cancel{2x = 2} \\ & \cancel{x = 1} \\ & \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x+10} = \frac{1}{12} \quad \leftarrow \text{tables/hour} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{12(x+10)}{12x(x+10)} + \frac{12x}{12x(x+10)} - \frac{(x)(x+10)}{12(x)(x+10)} = 0$$

$$\frac{12x+120 + 12x - x^2 - 10x}{12x(x+10)} = 0$$

Restrictions

$$\begin{aligned} x &\neq 0 \\ x &\neq -10 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{-x^2 + 14x + 120}{12x(x+10)} = 0$$

$$-x^2 + 14x + 120 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 14x - 120 = 0$$

$$(x-20)(x+6) = 0$$

$$x = 20 \text{ or } -6$$

NO!

\therefore Ted takes 20h
Ned takes 30h

Homework:

pg 285 #3b, 4b (do not verify), 5c, 6abc, 9², 11, 12²

Challenge: 16 (use desmos: answer should be 0.417s and 1.705s)

2- final answers must be expressed in simplified exact form

